

Cradle to Grave: Planning for All Well Decommissioning

Derrick O'Keeffe and Pauline Goh DrillWell – 01 June 2022

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Problem Statement

Australia's Well Decommissioning Challenge



Going forward – new wells



Current operating wells



The backlog of unused wells



Expectations







Decommissioning Compliance Strategy

Improving understanding and capacity building of

2021 to 2025

Purpose: To set the direction for how NOPSEMA will work with its stakeholders to ensure that decommissioning of wells, structures, equipment and property is undertaken in a timely, safe and environmentally responsible manner and is considered across the full life cycle of a project. The strategy intends to reinforce and clarify decommissioning related requirements of titleholders under the Offshore Petroleum and Greenhouse Gas Storage Act 2006 (the Act) and ensure appropriate planning for, and execution of, decommissioning activities in Australia's Commonwealth waters.

Decommissioning of offshore petroleum wells, structures, equipment and property completed in a timely, safe and environmentally responsible manner Providing certainty to the oil and gas industry

Ensuring titleholders have appropriate plans for decommissioning all wells, structures, equipment and property, and are executi activities to complete decommissioning in timely manner

Coordinate assessment and decision-mak permissioning documents to ensure decommissioning related requirements ha been met and considered throughout the cycle of a petroleum project

Pursue revisions to in-force permissioning documents when titleholders have failed t adequately provide for the planning, maintenance and/or decommissioning of wells, structures, equipment and property

Undertake compliance monitoring of title to understand their organisational approa decommissioning and complete risk-bases nspections to verify specific planning for, execution of decommissioning activities

Apply appropriate compliance action (e.g. serving remedial and general directions) to ensure compliance of titleholders with the decommissioning obligations

investigate and undertake appropriate compliance action including enforcement prosecution in cases where a titleholder h maintained property and equipment and t compromises the ability to remove it, or t titleholder has failed to decommission it following cessation of production

demonstrate how decommissioning requirements have been considered



INFORMATION PAPER

Planning for proactive decommissioning

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Key points

It is imperative that risks associated with petroleum projects are managed proactively throughout the life of the project. Property should be progressively decommissioned to minimise inherent risks to people and the environment.

regarding the obligations to decommission all wells, safety, well integrity, and environmental outcomes for

- Recent experience indicates that some titleholders do not develop appropriate decommissioning plans in a timely manner, potentially increasing risk exposure to people and the environment.
- The safe and environmentally responsible decommissioning of property is a key objective that titleholders should plan for over all stages of the life cycle of a petroleum project. Decommissioning life cycle planning is a requirement of a holistic asset management system as described by ISO 55001 (2014).

All new and revised permissioning documents

- Titleholders are aware of decomm requirements in place and how to prepare permissioning documents
- Suite of NOPSEMA guidance available outlining expectations in relation to the different phases of decommissioning
- Research project/s have scopes and inputs identified, to better understand and address information gaps
- Guidance released clarifying requirements and expectations in relation to decommissioning

Targets for Well Decommissioning



01 By end of 2021 **\(\sqrt{} \)**

All new and revised permissioning documents address decommissioning requirements

02 By end of 2023

All wells risk assessed and have accepted abandonment plans in place



1. The Backlog of Unused Wells





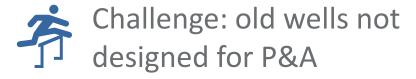
The Backlog of Unused Wells



Reference: ISO 16530-1

Well integrity life cycle phases Basis of Intervention Design Construction Operational Abandondesign phase phase phase phase ment phase phase Lessons Learnt





Case Study – Jabiru/Challis P&A Campaign



"The wells were not designed with abandonment in mind"

– complex P&A campaign

Despite this, P&A campaign completed successfully 2 years after CoP



Learnings – better contingency planning; optimise P&A – "abandonment thinking" across well lifecycle

2. Current Operating Wells





Current Operating Wells



Reference: ISO 16530-1

Basis of design phase Design phase Construction phase Operational phase Intervention phase Abandon-ment phase

Learnt



Expectation: proactive management, not waiting for well failure



Challenge: How is industry managing wells to enable P&A in a timely and safe manner?

Case Study – Gas Storage

Gas injected and extracted via up to 30 wells

Well integrity failures on two wells triggers investigation on well stock

Age & degradation of the wells = unacceptable HSE risk (gas injection)

Cease gas storage operations; move towards timely well abandonment

Learning – don't wait for failure to act; can one well tell you the rest of the story?





3. Future Wells



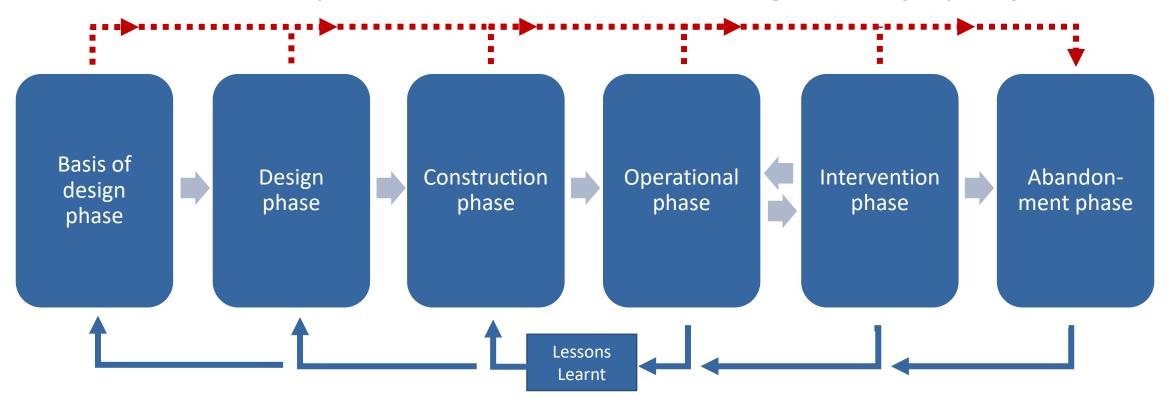
Future Wells



Reference: ISO 16530-1

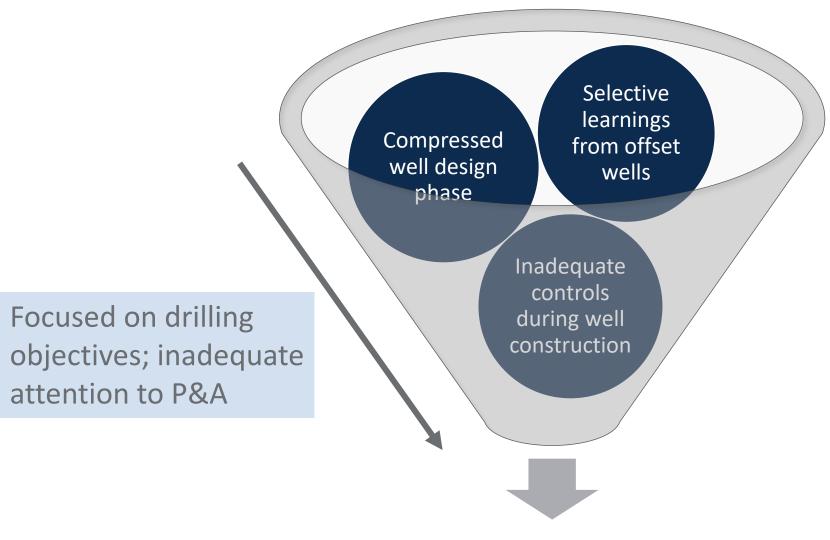
Well integrity life cycle phases

"Well abandonment requirements should be considered throughout the life cycle of the well"



Case Study - New Well



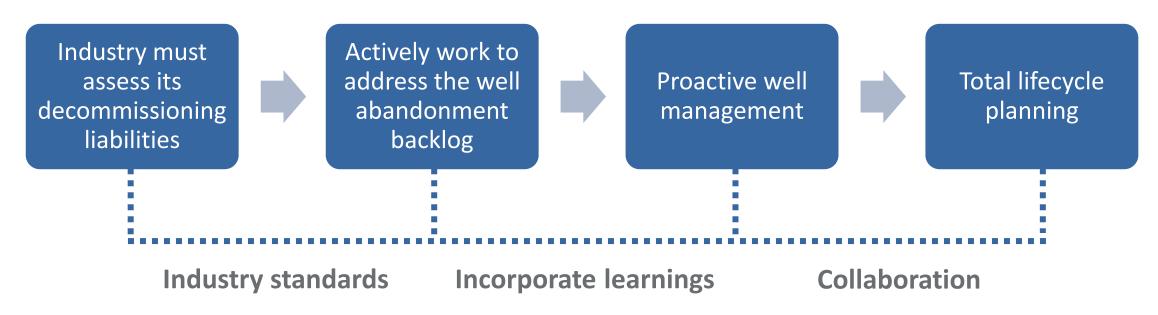


Unsatisfactory P&A

Next Steps



Achieve successful well P&A safely & timely





Questions?





National Offshore Petroleum Safety and Environmental Management Authority

Level 8 Alluvion, 58 Mounts Bay Rd, Perth WA 6000 GPO Box 2568, Perth WA 6001 Australia

nopsema.gov.au



